

NOAAFISHERIES

Southeast Fisheries Science Center

SEFSC Marine Mammal Program Overview

SEFSC Protected Species Program Review





25-27 August 2015 Miami, Florida

SEFSC Marine Mammal Program Geographic Areas of Responsibility

U.S. Atlantic (FL to NC)

Work with NEFSC on:

- coastal bottlenose dolphins to NY
- pilot whales to NY

U.S. Gulf of Mexico

U.S. Caribbean (Puerto Rico & USVI)

Includes part of three "Large Marine Ecosystems" with diverse marine mammal habitats:

- bays, sounds, & estuaries
- coastal waters (0–20 m)
- continental shelf waters (20–200 m)
- oceanic waters (> 200 m)

26 cetacean species

• 90 SEFSC stocks - currently





Southeast Fisheries Science Center Laboratory Locations



Marine Mammal Program staff:
Beaufort, Miami, Pascagoula & Lafayette

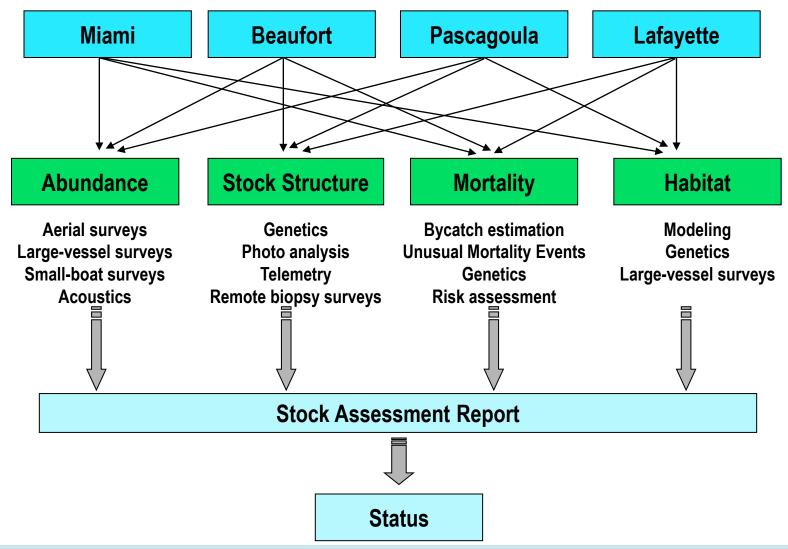


Marine Mammal Program Staff

- 13 FTEs (one is ¼ time)
- 11 Contractors (one is ½ time)
 - 7 contractors long-term (> 5 yrs)
 - 3 contractors DWH-related
- Hire additional contractors for specific 1-2 month field projects
- Currently 1 PhD student ('student-funded'); periodic PhD & MS students (mostly student-funded)



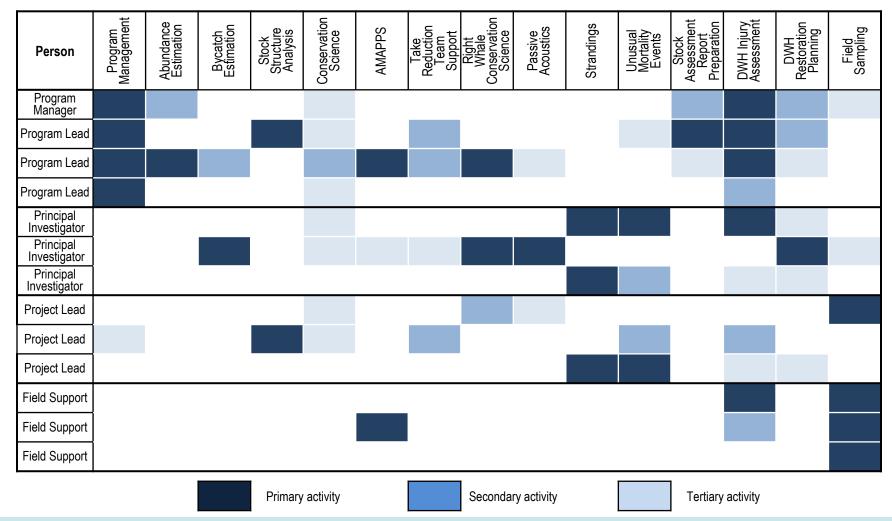
Southeast Fisheries Science Center Marine Mammal Program Structure





SEFSC Marine Mammal Program FTEs

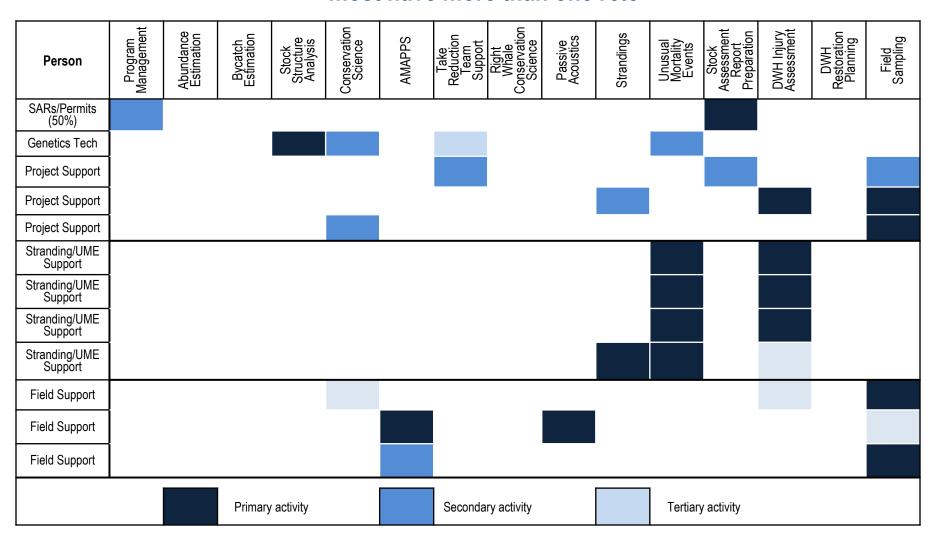
- Program leaders all serve management & multiple scientific roles
- Principal Investigators serve multiple scientific roles





SEFSC Marine Mammal Program Contractors

most have more than one role





NOAA Twin Otters

abundance surveys



Marine Mammal
Molecular Genetics Lab
Lafayette

Resources



50-60 sea days/yr (i.e., 1 survey) abundance, biopsy, acoustics & ecosystem



Marine Mammal Life History Lab Beaufort



coastal/inshore studies; biopsy and photo-ID



Necropsy Facilities Beaufort, Miami, Pascagoula



SEFSC Marine Mammal Stocks

Northern Gulf of Mexico (57 stocks)

- Bays, Sounds & Estuaries
 - 32 bottlenose dolphin stocks
- Coastal (< 20 m)
 - 3 bottlenose dolphin stocks
- Continental Shelf (20 200 m)
 - 2 species & stocks (bottlenose & Atlantic spotted dolphins)
- Oceanic (>200 m)
 - 20 species & stocks (tropical cetacean community)

Western North Atlantic (27 SEFSC stocks)

- Bays, Sounds & Estuaries
 - 10 bottlenose dolphin stocks
- Coastal
 - 5 bottlenose dolphin stocks (All MMPA depleted)
- Offshore (continental shelf & oceanic, south of Maryland)
 - 22 species (mostly tropical cetacean community, some shared with NEFSC)

U.S. Caribbean (6 stocks)

20 species, at least 20 stocks –
 eventually



SEFSC Priority Marine Mammal Stocks

- North Atlantic right whale ESA-listed; calving area off FL & GA, ship-strike mitigation, timing of migrations
- Sperm whale ESA-listed; stock structure & ranging patterns (GOMx, Atl & PRVI stocks)
- Bryde's Whale
 Petition for ESA-listing of GOMx stock; habitat use & ranging
- Short- & long-finned pilot whales
 Atlantic stocks; pelagic long-line fishery takes, species ID, stock structure & seasonal habitat use
- Common bottlenose dolphin Small bay, sound & estuary stocks & coastal stocks subject to multiple threats



SEFSC Marine Mammal Program Goals & Activities

2008 SEFSC Marine Mammal Program Strategic Plan

Mission: Provide the best possible science to support effective management & conservation of marine mammal populations & restoration of healthy marine ecosystems in the southeastern United States & Caribbean.

- Assess the status of marine mammal stocks
- Evaluate marine mammal habitat & ecosystem interactions
- Evaluate causes & impacts of marine mammal mortalities
- Support conservation & recovery planning
- Disseminate scientific findings to promote effective management & increase public awareness
- Effectively archive, manage & retrieve data



Drivers for SEFSC Marine Mammal Research

MMPA-mandated Stock Assessment Reports

- 1) STOCK DEFINITION & RANGE
- 2) POPULATION SIZE (Minimum Population Estimate, Population Trend)
- 3) MAXIMUM NET PRODUCTIVITY RATE
- 4) POTENTIAL BIOLOGICAL REMOVAL (PBR: N_{min} x ½ R_{max} x Rec. Factor)
- 5) ANNUAL HUMAN-CAUSED MORTALITY & SERIOUS INJURY (Fishery Information, Other Mortality)
- 6) STATUS OF STOCK (Endangered? Depleted? Strategic? Stable? Declining?)

Endangered Species Act

- 1) North Atlantic right whale
- 2) Sperm whale
- 3) GOMx Bryde's whale (petition)

Take Reduction Teams (TRT)

- 1) Large whale TRT (Atlantic)
- 2) Harbor porpoise TRT (Atlantic)
- 3) Pelagic longline TRT (Atlantic)
- 4) Bottlenose dolphin TRT (Atlantic)



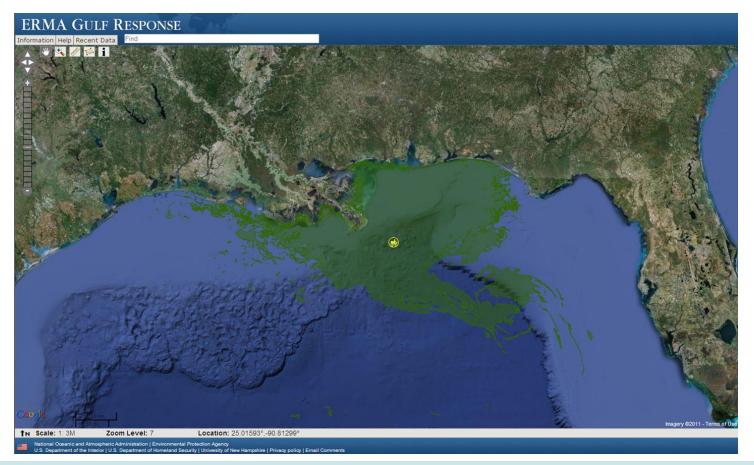
Federal Partners (ESA Section 7)

- BOEM
- US Navy
- USACOE



Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill

- 20 April 2010 Present
- Dominant SEFSC Marine Mammal Program activity
- Response, NRDA, Restoration planning





Marine Mammal Stock Assessments

Abundance Mortality Stock Structure Line-transect (aerial & **Observer program** vessel) **Genetics Strandings** Mark-recapture (photo-ID) **Movements Self-reporting Habitat inference Mark-recapture (genetics)** Research takes **Potential Biological** Removal (PBR) **Ecosystem Annual** considerations Atlantic Scientific Review Stock Groups/Public Review **Assessment** Health (Federal Register) considerations

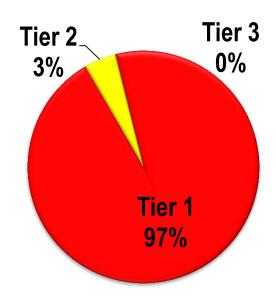


Marine Mammal Stock Assessments

Overall adequacy of Stock Assessments

(GPRA measures – Government Performance & Results Act)

- Tier 1 = Inadequate
- Tier 2 = Adequate
 - Up-to-date abundance estimates
 - Bycatch estimates
 - Comprehensive analysis of stock structure
- Tier 3 = Ecosystem-level assessment



90 SEFSC stocks

Tier 1 = 87

Tier 2 = 3



SEFSC Marine Mammal Program Priorities

- Bay, Sound, & Estuary Bottlenose Dolphin Stocks
 Improve assessments through improved delineation of stocks & by conducting regular Capture-Mark-Recapture surveys for abundance estimates.
- Marine Mammal Density Mapping Products
 Implement data collection, data integration, & analytical approaches for disseminating products operational for use by NOAA & agency partners.
- Stranding Response & Health Assessment
 Enhance role in identifying threats, quantifying disease prevalence, & understanding stock dynamics.
- Stock Structure
 Improve stock assessments by refining knowledge of stock structure, developing molecular methods to assign individuals to stock, generating baseline data on population health.
- Quantitative Risk Assessments
 Develop assessments that evaluate stock status & trends, identify major risks, & quantify the impacts of human activities & environmental variation on marine mammal populations.



Marine Mammal Program Funding FY2014

Program	Permanent Funding	Temporary Internal Funding	External Funding	FTE Labor	Contract Labor	Operating Funds
Right Whales	\$556,175	\$0	\$0	\$319,210	\$0	\$236,965
Large Whales	\$212,709	\$0	\$0	\$202,878		\$9,831
Stock Assessments	\$720,449	\$90,000	\$0	\$409,682	\$305,500	\$33,795
Marine Mammal Protection	\$667,784	\$0	\$0	\$665,613	\$49,000	\$0
AMAPPS (BOEM/USN)	\$0	\$0	\$345,000			
Gulf of Mexico (BOEM)	\$0	\$0	\$881,000			
DWH NRDA	\$0	\$0	\$841,121			
Total	\$2,157,117	\$90,000	\$2,067,121	\$1,597,383	\$354,500	\$280,591



SEFSC Marine Mammal Program Program Requirements & Current Capability

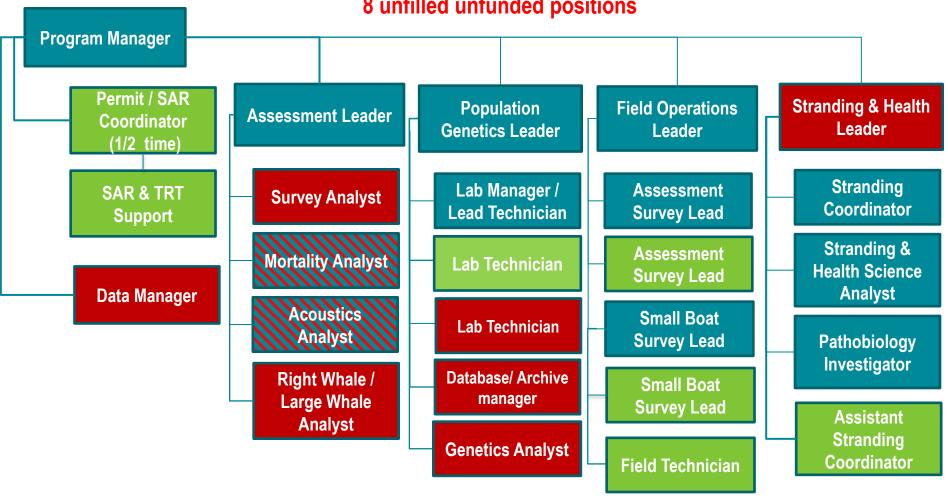
	Required	Reality	
Right whale work	Passive acoustic monitoring	Passive acoustic monitoring	
Large vessel surveys	2 seasonal/yr	Temp \$ - e.g., AMAPPS	
Coastal aerial surveys	2 seasonal/yr	Temp \$ - e.g., AMAPPS	
Small vessel surveys	6 BSE/yr + stock delineation	Local fieldwork without Temp \$	
Analytical Work	Additional FTE analysts	Data analyses to meet minimum requirements	
Stranding Program	Additional FTE Coordination, data collection & analysis	Minimal coordination & data management	



Mammal Program Staff Required to Meet Strategic Goals



8 unfilled unfunded positions





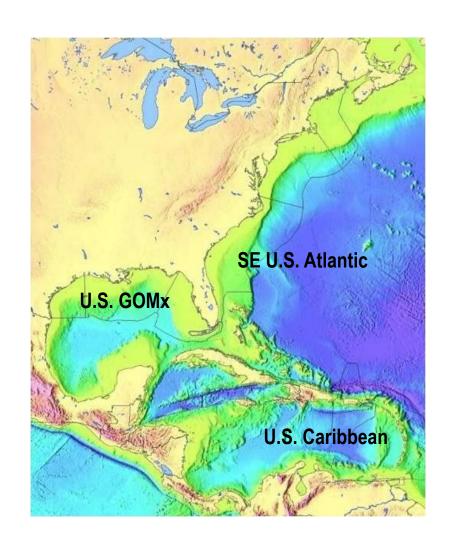
Specific Problem Areas

U.S. Caribbean – finding resources for this region given competing priorities

Transboundary Stocks – the ranges of oceanic cetaceans almost certainly include international waters and/or waters of other countries

• Southern Gulf of Mexico – interpreting N GOMx results without the context of the S GOMx

Trends in Stock Abundance – estimating trends given the current survey schedule



Challenges

- Limited permanent internal funds for research; temporary & reimbursable funds very focused use
- High reliance on, & key needs filled by, long-term contract labor











Strengths

- Skilled & experienced FTE & Contractor staff
- Marine Mammal Molecular Genetics Lab
- Substantial external funds via AMAPPS (BOEM & USN)



Accomplishments

- DWH response & damage assessment
- Atlantic pilot whale assessments
- GOMx Bryde's whale genetics research
- Right whale ship strike mitigation
- Contributions to OBIS-SEAMAP & habitat-based abundance estimates



Program Review Marine Mammal Topics

Data Collection

- Abundance estimation & distribution
- Stock Structure
- Fisheries interactions from bycatch & strandings

Stock Assessment

- Stocks with insufficient data
- Stocks with considerable data
- Multiple small stocks with insufficient data

Marine Mammal Stranding Response

Deepwater Horizon

Research for Conservation

